

**CLAIMS**

1. Method of scheduling multiple data flows for quality of service adjustment in a CDMA system, especially in a mobile telecommunication system, comprising the steps of:

5 receiving quality of service requirements of each data flow comprising protocol data units (PDU),

determining a priority order of the protocol data units (PDU) to be served for data transmission on a communication channel, serving the protocol data units (PDU) by dynamically creating transport block sets (TBS) to be transmitted 10 to the physical layer (PHY-layer) with regard to the defined priority order and in dependence of allocated radio resource constraints.

2. Method of claim 1, comprising linking two schedulers each operating on a different protocol layers, wherein each protocol data unit (PDU) of an incoming data flow to be transmitted is scheduled by the scheduler (PDU-scheduler) on an 15 upper layer regarding pre-definable associated quality of service requirements into a priority list to be served by the scheduler (MAC-scheduler) of a lower layer,

and medium access control is performed by the scheduler (MAC-scheduler) of the lower layer thereby optimizing the system efficiency of data 20 transmission by dynamically operating on the protocol data units (PDU) within the priority list.

3. Method of claim 1, wherein the serving of the protocol data units (PDU) is performed periodically within scheduling intervals and depends on bandwidth, 25 timing and/or power constraints.

4. Method of claim 1, comprising the adjusting of the transmission power required for a user equipment.

5. Method of claim 1, comprising an adjusting of the transmission power is comprising an initial adjustment step using predefined bit-error-rate requirements and an interference to pathloss rate estimation.

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6. Method of claim 5, wherein the adjusting of the transmission power is comprising a subsequent momentary adjustment step using the respective previous transmission power and data rate ( $R_B$ ).

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7. Method of claim 1, wherein an overall transmission power ( $P_{limit}$ ) of all active data flows is dynamically adjusted for a cell within a limit predefined by an allocated transmission power ( $P_{ps}$ ).

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8. Method of claim 1, comprising adjusting the bit error rate (BER) of the communication channel below a maximum bit error rate.

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9. Method of claim 1, comprising ensuring a minimum data transmission rate ( $R_{Bmin}$ ) and/or a maximum data transmission rate ( $R_{bmax}$ ) for a user equipment.

10. Method of claim 1, comprising adjusting a transport format set depending on whether a real time service or a non real time service is requested.

11. Method of claim 1, wherein a single protocol data unit (PDU) is spread over several scheduling intervals.

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12. Method of claim 1, comprising scheduling data flows on a downlink shared channel of a UMTS-System.

13. Method of claim 1, comprising scheduling data flows for different users on a dedicated channel in downlink direction of a UMTS-System.

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14. Method of claim 1, comprising scheduling data flows for a single user on in an uplink direction of a UMTS-System.
- 5 15. CDMA system, especially a mobile telecommunication system comprising a transceiver unit having means for providing a priority order of protocol data units (PDU) of multiple data flows with regard to predefined flow's quality of service requirements and for dynamically scheduling the ordered protocol data units (PDU) in dependence of allocated radio resource constraints.
- 10 16. System of claim 15 comprising at least two schedulers each operating on different protocol layers, wherein the scheduler (PDU-scheduler) operating on an upper layer schedules each protocol data unit (PDU) of an incoming data flow to be transmitted into a priority list to be served by the scheduler (MAC-scheduler) of a lower layer, and the scheduler (MAC-scheduler) of the lower layer performs medium access control thereby optimizing the system efficiency of data transmission by dynamically operating on the protocol data units (PDU) within the priority list.
- 15 20 17. System of claim 15 comprising scheduling means for adjusting the transmission power required for a user equipment.
- 25 18. System of claim 15 comprising scheduling means for adjusting the transmission power subsequent to the establishment of a communication channel by using the respective previous transmission power and data rate ( $R_B$ ).
19. System of claim 15 comprising scheduling means for monitoring the throughput without retransmissions and to compare said throughput with a virtual bandwidth depending on an allocated transmission power ( $P_{ps}$ ) for adjusting an

overall transmission power ( $P_{\text{limit}}$ ) within a limit predefined by said allocated transmission power ( $P_{\text{ps}}$ ).

20. System of claim 15 comprising scheduling means for ensuring a minimum  
5 data transmission rate ( $R_{\text{bmin}}$ ) and/or a maximum data transmission rate ( $R_{\text{bmax}}$ )  
for a user equipment.

21. System of claim 16 comprising the scheduler (PDU-scheduler) of the  
10 upper layer is operating with timestamps assigning every protocol data unit  
(PDU) or every data flow.

22. System of claim 15 comprising two linked schedulers operating on the  
Logical-Link-Control-layer and on the Medium-Access-Control-Layer,  
respectively

15 23. System of claim 15 comprising a UTMS-system.

24. Base transceiver station comprising a transceiver  
unit for using in a system of claim 15.

20 25. Mobile station comprising a transceiver unit for using in a system of claim  
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26. Implementation software for performing a method of claims 1.